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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/708,218	02/17/2004	Mikio TSUTSUI	040029	2217
23850	7590 02/01/2006		EXAMINER	
ARMSTRONG, KRATZ, QUINTOS, HANSON & BROOKS, LLP 1725 K STREET, NW			GOFF II, JOHN L	
SUITE 1000	261,1411		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WASHINGT	ON, DC 20006		1733	

DATE MAILED: 02/01/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

<u></u>			
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/708,218	TSUTSUI, MIKIO	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	John L. Goff	1733	
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REF WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perions are provided by the set or extended period for reply will, by state that the provided by the Office later than three months after the main earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATIO 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin and will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from tute, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. mely filed n the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17	February 2004.		
2a)☐ This action is FINAL . 2b)☑ TI	nis action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allow	•		
closed in accordance with the practice unde	r Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-10 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withd 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-10 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Exami 10)☑ The drawing(s) filed on 17 February 2004 is/ Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction. 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the	are: a) \boxtimes accepted or b) \square objectence drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Selection is required if the drawing(s) is objection.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ojected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a li	ents have been received. ents have been received in Applicationity documents have been receiveau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)	_		
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D		
 Notice of Draitsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P10-946) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 7/23/04. 		Patent Application (PTO-152)	

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DETAILED ACTION

Priority

1. Acknowledgment is made of applicant's claim for foreign priority based on an application filed in Japan on 8/29/02. It is noted, however, that applicant has not filed a certified copy of the 2002-241735 application as required by 35 U.S.C. 119(b).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 1, 2, 7/2, 8/7(2), and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Elmendorf (U.S. Patent 1,894,218).

Elmendorf discloses a method of forming a wood composite material comprising providing a paper backing (1 of Figure 1) including a layer of dry water-soluble (i.e. water-activated) adhesive (2 of Figure 1), placing the paper against the surface of a dry veneer (3 of Figure 1), and pressing the paper and veneer with a heating member (A and B of Figure 5) to soften the adhesive and laminate the paper and veneer (Figures 1 and 4 and Page 3, lines 27-33 and 40-61).

Regarding claim 1, the limitation "pressing....without moistening said water-activated adhesive layer and simultaneously heating said adhesive sheet" is seen to require heating the

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adhesive layer without applying (either before or during heating) any additional water thereto (See in particular paragraph 11 of the specification). Thus, this limitation does not exclude any moistening of the adhesive that may occur due to hygroscopic moisture within the veneer or adhesive itself, it being noted this interpretation is further consistent with dependent claim 7 wherein the veneer may have a moisture content up to 15%.

4. Claims 1, 2, and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Works et al. (U.S. Patent 2,748,096).

Works et al. discloses a method of forming a wood composite material comprising providing a paper backing (11A of Figure 2) including a layer of dry water-soluble (i.e. water-activated) adhesive (11B of Figure 2), placing the paper against the surface of an object (10 of Figure 2), and pressing the paper and object with a heating member (Figure 4) to soften the adhesive and laminate the paper and object (Figures 2 and 4 and Column 3, lines 22-25 and Column 5, lines 74-75 and Column 5, lines 5-9 and Column 6, lines 1-26).

Regarding claim 1, the limitation "pressing.....without moistening said water-activated adhesive layer and simultaneously heating said adhesive sheet" is seen to require heating the adhesive layer without applying (either before or during heating) any additional water thereto (See in particular paragraph 11 of the specification). Thus, this limitation does not exclude any moistening of the adhesive that may occur due to hygroscopic moisture within the object or adhesive itself, it being noted this interpretation is further consistent with dependent claim 7 wherein the object may have a moisture content up to 15%.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102/103

5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 3-6, 7/3-6, 8/7(3-6), and 9/7(2-6) are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Elmendorf.

Elmendorf is described above in full detail.

Regarding claims 3-6, 7/3-6, and 8/7(3-6), Elmendorf disclose heat pressing the paper and veneer with a heating member at a temperature as low as 93 °C and as high as 138 °C for a length of time of a few seconds to five minutes under a pressure of 3.5 to 14 kg/cm² such that the claim limitations appear to be met (Page 2, lines 51-71 and Page 3, lines 49-60). In any event, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to experimentally determine the particular temperature, time, and pressure considering the disclosed ranges as a function of the peel strength of the laminated wood composite as doing so would have required nothing more than ordinary skill and routine experimentation.

Regarding claim 9(7/2-6), Elmendorf discloses the dry veneer may have no moisture content at all (Page 2, lines 79-88) or have a moisture content of 6 to 18% (Page 2 lines 119-122) such that the claim limitation appears to be met. In any event it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to experimentally determine the particular moisture content considering the disclosed range as a function of the peel strength of

the laminated wood composite as doing so would have required nothing more than ordinary skill and routine experimentation.

7. Claims 3-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Works et al.

Works et al. is described above in full detail. Works et al. disclose heat pressing the paper and object with a heating member at a temperature as low as 132 °C and as high as 288 °C for a length of time of about 20 seconds to about 7 minutes under a pressure of 0.35 to 14 kg/cm² such that the claim limitations appear to be met (Column 5, lines 18-42). In any event, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to experimentally determine the particular temperature, time, and pressure considering the disclosed ranges as a function of the peel strength of the laminated wood composite as doing so would have required nothing more than ordinary skill and routine experimentation.

Conclusion

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to **John L. Goff** whose telephone number is **(571) 272-1216**. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (7:15 AM - 3:45 PM).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Richard Crispino can be reached on (571) 272-1226. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

John L. Goff

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